

## NHCT Children's Trails - 2) King Street - Ruins and Restorations

You can use the boxes below to write down other interesting and unusual things that you notice along the way, and any questions you have about the churches.

*INTERESTING AND UNUSUAL THINGS:*

*QUESTIONS:*

Your name: .....

Find out more:

NORWICH HISTORIC CHURCHES TRUST [www.norwich-churches.org](http://www.norwich-churches.org)

NORFOLK CHURCHES [www.norfolkchurches.co.uk](http://www.norfolkchurches.co.uk)

THE MEDIEVAL CHURCHES OF NORWICH <https://norwichmedievalchurches.org/>



**IF YOU GET LOST / STUCK - text Rosemary on 07774 846927**

Norwich Historic Church Trust, St Peter Parmentergate, 76 King Street,  
Norwich NR1 1PG



This trail is one of four which cover all parts of the city. Trail leaflets can be picked up at St Stephens (Rampant Horse St), St Peter Mancroft and several of the other churches.

To check your answers and claim your Trail rewards come to St Stephens on Sat 29 April / Sun 30 April / Mon 1 May, 10.30-4pm.

**This trail begins at All Saints**, in Westlegate, heads up Ber Street, then drops down the hill to King Street. It passes the sites of nine Medieval churches which lie in the south part of the city Three are now in ruins or disappeared, and just two are still used for worship. **Allow 1.5-2 hours to complete.**

*Did you know?*

We have more medieval churches in Norwich than any other city in Britain or even Northern Europe

In medieval times Norwich was the second city of England - London was the only city that was larger and richer

Norwich was a very rich city because of wool. There were lots of sheep farms in the countryside around, and wool was sold from Norwich and also spun, dyed and woven into fabric here. In Medieval times wool was one of the few things used for making cloth and most clothes were made of wool.

There were over 60 churches built in medieval times in Norwich. 31 of them are still here, but others have been knocked down or have collapsed, and some have disappeared altogether, and are known as the "lost" churches.

The area around a church is called a parish. Many parishes went down to the river. The river was important for transporting bales of wool bringing in goods from elsewhere.

Put a tick for each Ruined or Restored church that you see:

RUINED

RESTORED



### 1. All Saints, Westlegate

What is the church used for now?

What is the message on the headstone of Henry Simmonds?

### 2. St John Timberhill

How did the church get its name?

Who was Robert Page?

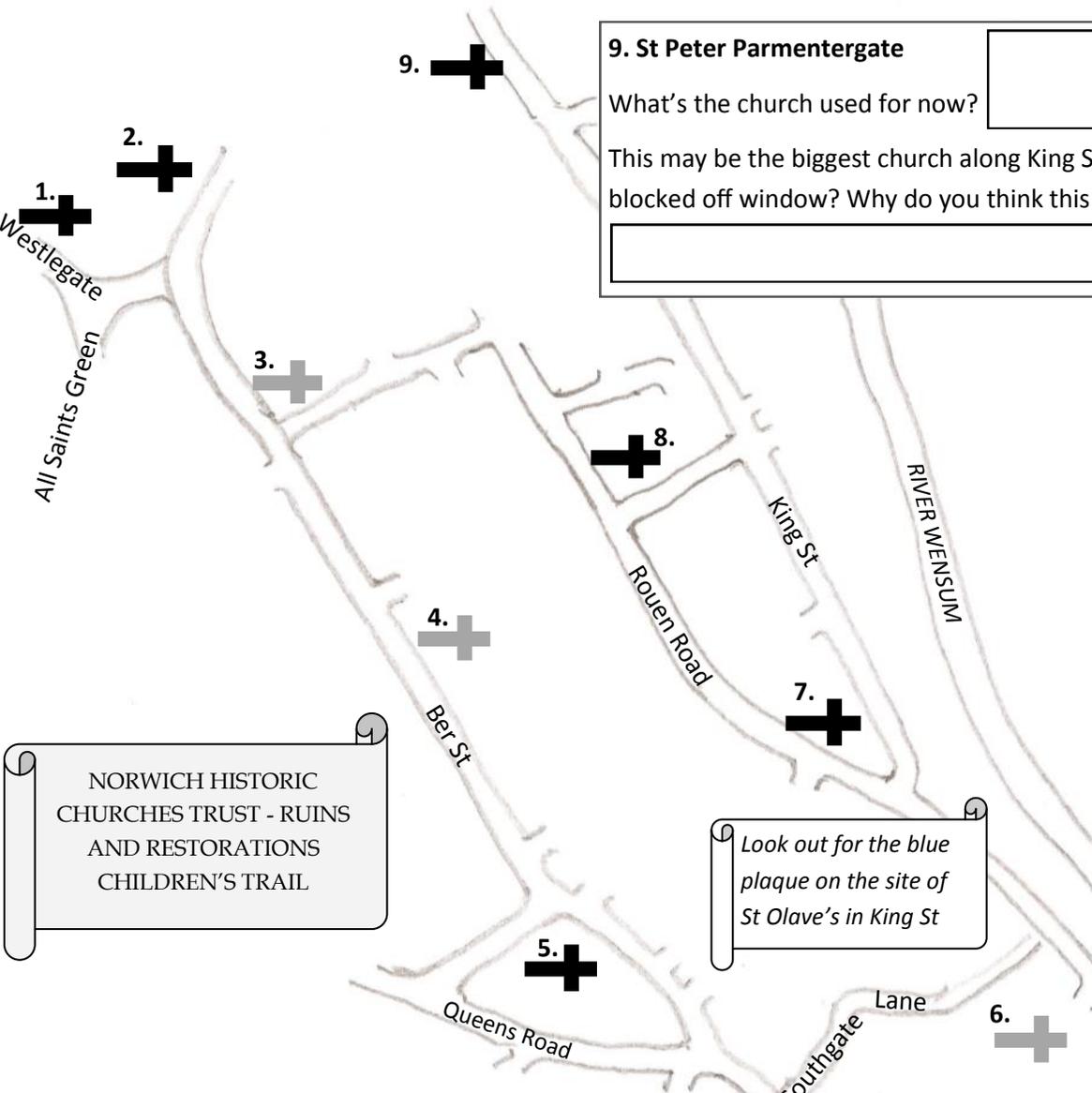
### 3. St Michael at Thorn

Can you find the plaque to say what happened to this church?

What was the date given on the plaque?

### 4. St Bartholemew

What can you find out from the plaque about the remains of this church?



NORWICH HISTORIC CHURCHES TRUST - RUINS AND RESTORATIONS CHILDREN'S TRAIL

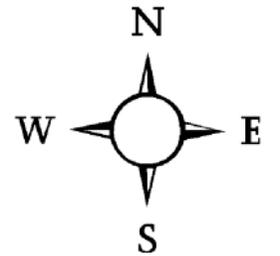
Look out for the blue plaque on the site of St Olave's in King St

The trail starts at All Saints, then goes in an anti-clockwise direction, passing the churches which lie in the south part of the city.

### 9. St Peter Parmentergate

What's the church used for now?

This may be the biggest church along King St. Can you spot the blocked off window? Why do you think this happened?



### 8. St Julian

Who was Dame Julian?

When was she born?

When was the church rebuilt?

### 7. St Ethelreda

What's unusual about the church tower?

What's the church used for now?

What do you think might have been in the empty niche above the door?

### 6. St Peter Southgate

What's left of this church?

What happened to the church, according to the plaque in the alleyway?

But this isn't the whole story - find out more at [norfolkchurches.co.uk](http://norfolkchurches.co.uk)

### 5. St John de Sepulchre

There are lots of headstones against the churchyard wall. What is the date of the oldest one you can find?